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Title: A keyphrase suggestion engine for semi-automated document

characterization

Author(s): Taylor, Nicholas Anthony

Powell, James Estes Jr. Johnson, Dylan Patrick

Mandzyuk, Timothy Sergeevich

Waybright, Daniel Wade Shocklee, Alexis Nicole

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A keyphrase suggestion engine for semi-automated document characterization

Nicholas Taylor on behalf of James Powell, Dylan Johnson, Tim Mandzyuk, Daniel Waybright, and Alex Shocklee

16 November 2023

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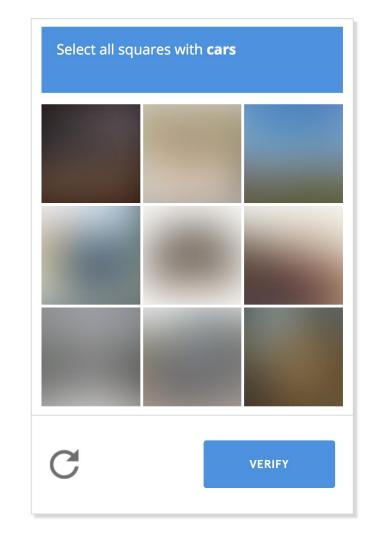


problem statement

- self-deposit users are predominantly taskdriven
- users like more and higher-quality metadata, for discovery
- users are more ambivalent about providing supplemental metadata, when depositing

how can we streamline the generation of authoritative, supplemental metadata while leveraging the author's expertise?

> "Reverse-CAPTCHA.png" by Brogue Lessor Jig under CC BY-SA 4.0





solution?

- hire (many) more staff
- train them on breadth of LANL science
- train them on domain vocabularies
- have them read every submission
- have them supply keyphrases
- have authors validate quality

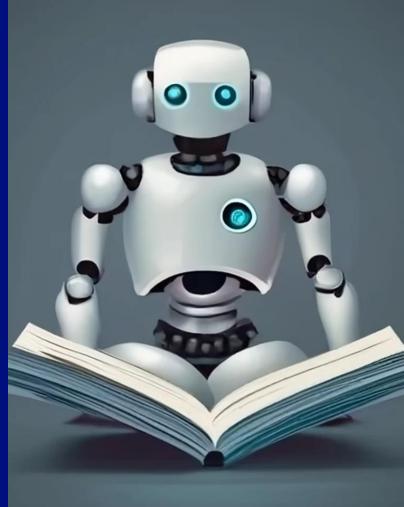
generated image for prompt "many people working on computers at desks in rows in a vast, white room" by Craiyon





solution!

- apply ML and NLP tools
- have those "read" submissions
- then have them suggest keyphrases
- validate quality of metadata output



generated image for prompt "a friendly robot reading a book" by <u>Craiyon</u>



scope

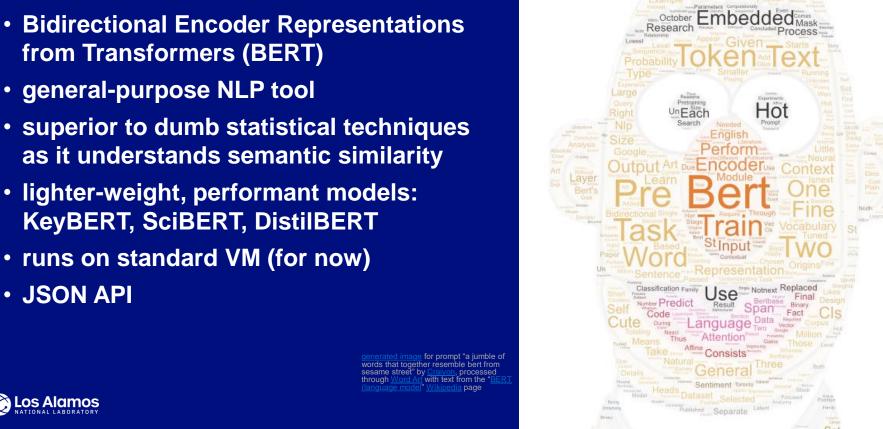
- standalone web service
- input abstract full text
- output scored keyphrase suggestions
- model retraining optional
- performance on commodity hardware
- detailed logging



"checklist" by cylonfingers under CC BY-SA 2.0



solution





keyphrase app test interface

Research Library **BERT API Test Page** Select BERTs to use (required) KeyBERT Similarity: Confidence: Keyphrase #: SciBERT Similarity: Confidence: Keyphrase #: DistilBERT Similarity: Confidence: Keyphrase #: Keybert Input (required) Text to be keybert-ed... (1000 character limit) CRUNCH

SIGNED IN AS

ntay@lanl.gov

LANL Research Library

LANL Phonebook



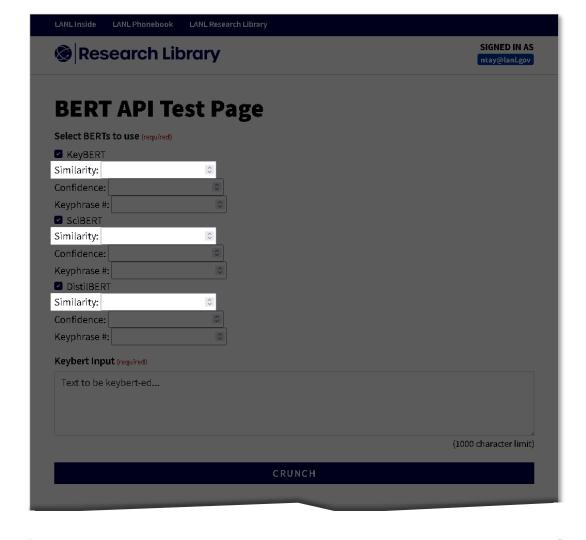
choose model(s)

Research Library	SIGNED IN AS
Nessearch Library	ntay@lanl.gov
BERT API Test Page	
Select BERTs to use (required)	
☑ KeyBERT	
Similarity:	
Confidence: O	
Keyphrase #:	
■ SciBERT	
Similarity:	
Confidence:	
Keyphrase #:	
☑ DistilBERT	
Similarity:	
Confidence:	
Keyphrase #:	
Keybert Input (required)	
Text to be keybert-ed	
	(1000 character limit)
CRUNCH	



specify similarity

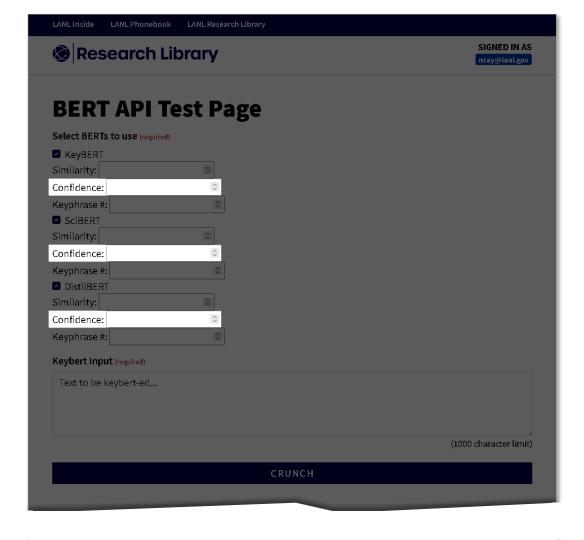
- floating point number, 0-1
- maximum allowed similarity between generated keyphrases
- if similarity of any given pair exceeds threshold, lower-confidence keyphrase discarded





specify confidence

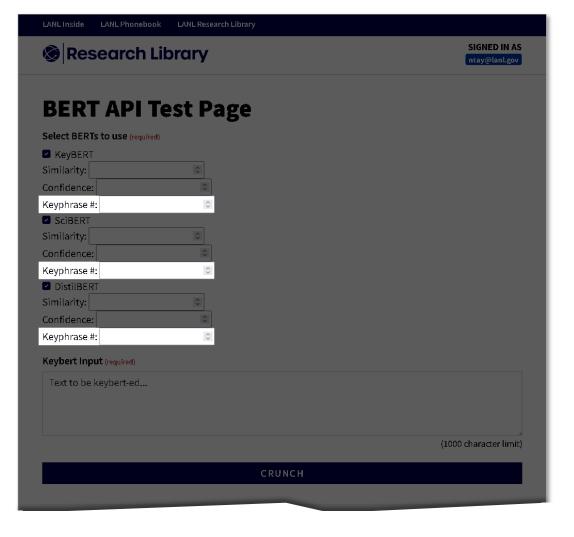
- floating point number, 0-1
- minimum confidence for a suggested keyphrase
- keyphrase not suggested if confidence subceeds threshold





specify number of keyphrases

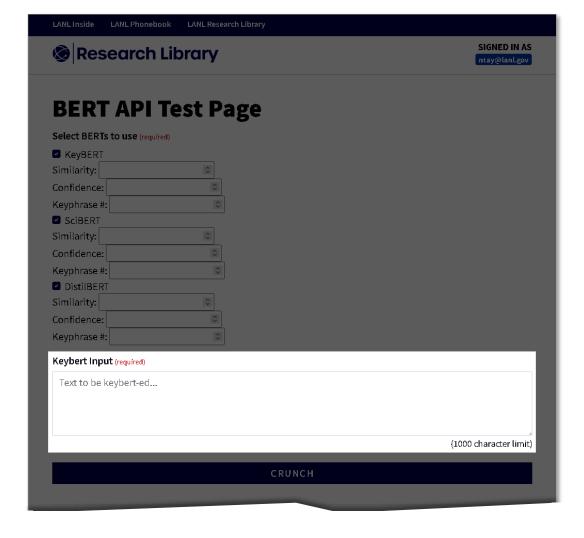
- whole number
- maximum number of keyphrases to generate





supply full text

- 1,000 character limit
- designed to accommodate typical journal article abstract length





example values

- all models selected
- similarity: .9
- confidence: .35
- keyphrases: 5
- input: (abstract full text from <u>first COVID-19 pre-</u> <u>print</u> posted on <u>arXiv</u>)





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BERT API Test Page

Select BER IS to use (required)	
KeyBERT	
Similarity: .9	\$
Confidence: .35	\$
Keyphrase #: 5	÷
✓ SciBERT	
Similarity: .9	\$
Confidence: .35	\$
Keyphrase #: 5	\$
☑ DistilBERT	
Similarity: .9	\$
Confidence: .35	\$
Keynhrase #- 5	0

Keybert Input (required)

The 2019 novel coronavirus (2019-nCoV) is currently causing a widespread outbreak centered on Hubei province, China and is a major public health concern. <u>Taxonomically</u> 2019-nCoV is closely related to <u>SARS-CoV</u> and SARS-related bat coronaviruses, and it appears to share a common receptor with <u>SARS-CoV</u> (ACE-2). Here, we perform structural modeling of the 2019-nCoV spike glycoprotein. Our data provide support for the

(1000 character limit)

CRUNCH



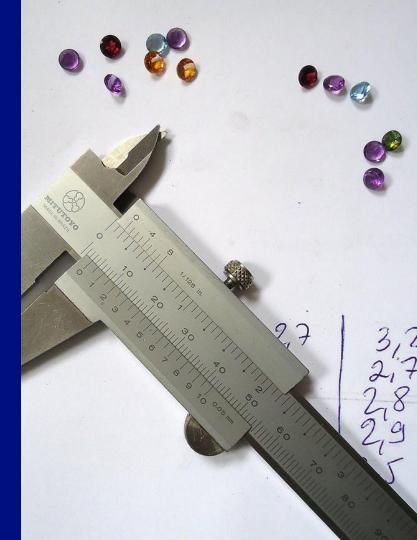
example outputs

(eyBert	SciBert	DistilBert
novel coronavirus (0.5918)	novel coronavirus (0.5555)	□ structural loop (0.9999413)
other coronaviruses (0.5677)	□ bat coronaviruses (0.4973)	□ structural modeling (0.99992114)
bat coronaviruses (0.5453)	□ other coronaviruses (0.493)	□ receptor binding module (0.9998897)
ncov spike glycoprotein (0.5177)	ncov spike glycoprotein (0.456)	□ coronavirus (0.99986994)
common receptor (0.4064)	□ china (0.3574)	☐ fusion (0.9943869)
dd additional keywords here (separate	d by commas).	



evaluating quality

- only informally, internally so far
- start with close partners
- (if sufficiently fast) deploy in production, leverage analytics to iterate







how we'll use it

- integrate into self-deposit workflow to suggest candidate keyphrases
- separate work underway for automated extraction of document elements (including abstract) using GROBID
- potentially apply for digitization postprocessing or previous submissions?
- prototype LLM-based fielded text extraction?







thank you!



generated image for prompt "friendly robot waving goodbye" by <u>Craiyon</u>

